

## **Biological Computing Using Perfusion Anodophile Biofilm Electrodes (PABE)**

JOHN GREENMAN<sup>1,2</sup> IOANNIS IEROPOULOS<sup>1,2</sup>,  
AND CHRIS MELHUIISH<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>*Faculty of Applied Sciences, University of the West of England, Bristol, UK*

<sup>2</sup>*Bristol Robotics Laboratory, Universities of Bristol and of the West of England,  
Bristol, UK*

*E-mail: John.Greenman@uwe.ac.uk*

### **Abstract**

This paper presents a theoretical approach to biological computing, using biofilm electrodes by illustrating a simplified Pavlovian learning model. The theory behind this approach was based on empirical data produced from a prototype version of these units, which illustrated high stability. The implementation of this system into the Pavlovian learning model, is one example and possibly a first step in illustrating, and at the same time discovering its potential as a computing processor.

**Keywords:** artificial intelligence, biological computing, neurone-like, transistor-like, unit and connected assemblies, Pavlovian association learning.